## **Treating Hypoglycemia**

This table found in Diabetes Self Management takes body weight and blood glucose level into consideration to show you how many grams of carbohydrate you'll need to raise your blood glucose level to about 120 mg/dl.

	Weight in Pounds	Grams of carbohydrate:
Starting blood glucose level (mg/dl) is: 60s	Weight in pounds: Less than 60	9 g
	Weight in pounds: 60–100	11 g
	Weight in pounds: 101–160	14 g
	Weight in pounds: 161–220	18 g
	Weight in pounds: > 220	25 g
Starting blood glucose level (mg/dl): 50s	Weight in pounds: Less than 60	11 g
	Weight in pounds: 60–100	13 g
	Weight in pounds: 101–160	16 g
	Weight in pounds: 161–220	22 g
	Weight in pounds: >220	30 g
Starting blood glucose level (mg/dl): 40s	Weight in pounds: Less than 60	13 g
	Weight in pounds: 60–100	15 g
	Weight in pounds: 101–160	19 g
	Weight in pounds: 161–220	25 g
	Weight in pounds: > 220	35 g
Starting blood glucose level (mg/dl): 30s	Weight in pounds: Less than 60	15 g
	Weight in pounds: 60–100	17 g
	Weight in pounds: 101–160	21 g
	Weight in pounds: 161–220	28 g
	Weight in pounds: > 220	40 g
Starting blood glucose level (mg/dl): 20s	Weight in pounds: Less than 60	17 g
	Weight in pounds: 60–100	19 g
	Weight in pounds: 101–160	24 g
	Weight in pounds: 161–220	32 g
	Weight in pounds: > 220	45 g

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or online at: http://www.diabetesselfmanagement.com/managing-diabetes/blood-glucose-management/treating-hypoglycemia/tailoring-your-dose/